

## **Railroad Retirement Board**

## **§211.9**

### **§211.3 Compensation paid for time lost.**

(a) A payment made to an employee for a period during which the employee was absent from the active service of the employer is considered to be pay for time lost and is, therefore, creditable compensation. Pay for time lost as an employee includes:

(1) Pay received for a certain period of time due to personal injury, or

(2) Pay received for loss of earnings for a certain period of time, resulting from the employee being placed in a position or occupation paying less money. In reporting compensation which represents pay for time lost, employers shall allocate the amount paid to the employee to the month(s) in which the time was actually lost. The entire amount of any payment made to an employee for personal injury is considered pay for time lost unless, at the time of payment, the employer states that a particular amount of the payment was for reasons other than pay for time lost.

(b) Where pay for time lost is allocated to the month(s) in which the time was actually lost, the Board will accept the allocation made by the parties involved if it relates to the employee's normal monthly pay. A reasonable relationship to an employee's normal monthly pay is ordinarily no less than ten times the employee's daily pay rate.

### **§211.4 Vacation pay.**

Payments made to an employee with respect to vacation or holidays shall be considered creditable compensation whether or not the employee takes the vacation or holiday.

[58 FR 45251, Aug. 27, 1993]

### **§211.5 Employee representative compensation.**

All payments made by a railway labor organization to an individual who is an employee representative as a result of the position or office he occupies with such organization are creditable as compensation, including payments made for services not connected with the representation of employees, except that payments in excess of the

annual maximum amount will not be credited.

[53 FR 17184, May 16, 1988]

### **§211.6 Compensation based on waiver or refund of organization dues.**

A waiver or refund or organization dues which was based solely on consideration for membership in the organization is considered creditable compensation if there is proof that the waiver or refund was intended to be, and was accepted as, a dismissal of an obligation of the organization to compensate the employee for services rendered.

[53 FR 17184, May 16, 1988]

### **§211.7 Compensation credited for creditable military service.**

In determining the creditable compensation of an employee, the following amounts shall be credited for each month of military service, provided the employee's combined monthly railroad and military compensation does not exceed the maximum creditable amount:

(a) \$160 for each calendar month before 1968;

(b) \$260 for each calendar month after 1967 and before 1975;

(c) For years after 1974, the actual military earnings reported as wages under the Social Security Act.

[53 FR 17184, May 16, 1988]

### **§211.8 Displacement allowance.**

An allowance paid to an employee because he has been displaced to a lower paying position is creditable compensation.

[58 FR 45251, Aug. 27, 1993]

### **§211.9 Dismissal allowance.**

Dismissal allowances paid to an employee under a protective labor agreement that covers the amounts paid for specific periods of time are creditable as compensation under the Railroad Retirement Act, provided the employee has not severed his or her employee-employer relationship.

[53 FR 17184, May 16, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 45251, Aug. 27, 1993]